Our Instruction of the Gifted

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The subject of the instruction of the gifted has recently taken on new emphasis because of the reassessment which has taken place in the public school system. The world in its assessment of the public schools has come to the amazing conclusion that the characterizes mediocrity that much of public education has also affected those on whom it has pinned its hopes for tomorrow. The world which believes its

future rests with the gifted is concerned that it has failed them and now wonders what can be done to salvage the situation.

In seeking answers they have, not surprisingly, developed a thoroughly humanistic approach which emphasizes man as the end of all things. They want the gifted to serve mankind and thereby make the world a better place in which to live. With this reassessment of public education it

is not out of place for us, too, to look at what we have been doing in our education of the gifted.

It is not my intention to suggest that we have failed in our instruction of the gifted. Nor am I suggesting that we view the gifted as those deserving a more prominent place within our community. It is necessary that we continue to give the gifted as well as all our children the best instruction possible.

To give covenantal instruction to the gifted it is necessary to have a foundation of Scriptural principles. Although I am particularly interested in the instruction of the gifted in this article, these principles apply to the instruction of all our children. The basis for the instruction of all our children is the covenant. triune God has brought us and our children into a relationship of friendship and fellowship with Him in Iesus Christ our Lord, God is our God and the God of our children. He is our God in Christ with whom He has established His covenant. As such Christ is the Head of His church and of all creation. Through the work of Christ we and our children are reconciled to God and made friend-servants to serve and glorify Him. Because of this relationship the command of God comes to parents to bring up their children in the fear of the Lord. As teachers who stand in

the place of parents this same command comes to us. This command must be our motivation also in the instruction of the gifted. God promises to bless God-honoring, God-fearing, and God-glorifying instruction for all our children including the gifted.

The goal of our instruction is the mature man and woman of God living in the world using their gifts and talents as God's friendservants, loving and serving God in all their earthly life. Yet, this is not all, for this earth will pass We must further instruct our children to live in the new heavens and earth as kings under (See Deut. 6; Ps. 78; Christ. II Tim. 3.) The prayer in our Baptism Form emphasizes the goal of instruction. "That they live in all righteousness, under our only Teacher, King and High Priest, Jesus Christ, and that (they) may manfully fight against and overcome sin, the devil and his whole dominion, to the end that they may eternally praise and magnify Thee and Thy Son Jesus Christ together with the Holy Ghost, the one only true God."

Using this basis and goal there are some important Scriptural ideas to emphasize in our instruction of the gifted. This is not to say we should not emphasize these truths in the instruction of all our children, but the gifted have particular spiritual pitfalls

which are peculiar to them. Therefore, we instruct them to seek first the kingdom of heaven. They must understand the kingdom to be the spiritual kingdom of which they are partakers by the regenerating grace of Christ. The seeking of the heavenly kingdom is a spiritual seeking in which they submit themselves to the Word of God. The seeking first of the kingdom is not a first in a list of priorities, but is a first which is foremost and always with all their gifts and abilities. Our instruction is contrary to the teaching of the world that its gifted make our world a better place to live. We must always instruct our children to be pilgrims and strangers passing through a desert wasteland warning them against pounding their tent stakes too deeply.

Another Scriptural truth which needs emphasis in our instruction is that the gifts of the gifted are given to them by God. We must never talk about the giftedness of the gifted without talking about the Maker who gave their gifts. "All that I am I owe to Thee; Thy wisdom, Lord, has fashioned me." Closely connected is God's demand of all His children to use their abilities to His service and to His glory. Yet it is more than a command, for we must lead in our instruction to a willingness of God's children to use their gifts out of gratitude and thanksgiving

for the gift of salvation.

Further, the gifted need instruction about their membership by grace in Christ's body, the church. Christ is the Head of the body, and it is the duty of its members to submit themselves to Him and use their abilities in the service of His church and for the advantage and salvation of the other members. As members of Christ's body, they are not isolated individuals able to do as please, but all Christ's members must seek the wellbeing of the body. Also, to be a member of Christ's body is to take the yoke of Christ. Implied is the limiting of personal am-The gifted can be very bitions. ambitious for self and esteemed by the world as worldshakers. Natural man brushes off this yoke as impossible and grievous to be born. Our instruction will be that God's grace alone will allow the gifted to say with Christ, "My yoke is easy and my burden is light." The gifted child of God will limit himself to those tasks and places where Christ's church is evident in its purest manifestation. limit where he gets an education for the same reason.

Further, we will instruct the gifted as members of Christ's body to be servants of Christ and of one another. In John 13:14 Jesus said, "If I then, your Lord and Master, have washed your

feet, ye also ought to wash one another's feet." By God's grace the gifted are given humility to be servants of Christ. Yet, as in all of us, it is but a small beginning of the new obedience. Therefore, as teachers we must nurture the gifted in this small beginning, guiding them not to think more highly of themselves than they ought to think. Recognizing their great gifts it is easy for teachers to forget the calling to serve Christ and direct them into selfish intellectual pursuits by emphasizing the great opportunities that exist in fields of high pay and prestige. We can also encourage selfish pursuits placing much importance on their abilities, thereby fostering intellectual pride and arrogance to the point where the gifted find the sphere of the church to be con-Instruction in humility fining. demands an example of humility and prayerful bringing of mutual needs before God's throne of grace. Only in this way will the student and the teacher be willing to serve Christ and His church, and the gifted will be instructed and warned by I Corinthians 1:26, 27, 29: "Ye see your calling brethren, how that not many wise after the flesh, not many mighty, not many noble are called. But God has chosen the foolish things of the world to confound the wise...that no flesh should glory in his presence."

We must encourage the gifted in the development and use of their abilities. This involves much effort which is not easy for the flesh. We encourage them by the care and concern we show for their efforts and abilities and by placing before them a high standard of excellence. It is also important that the other students receive the gifted as fellow saints. It is easy for those who are less gifted to mock and ridicule the gifted. Peer pressure can degrade academic excellence with the result that the gifted hate themselves and their ability and refuse to use it properly. It is important for parents and teachers to provide a proper atmosphere in the home and school for the proper exercise of intellectual ability.

Discipline is another Scriptural truth necessary in our instruction of the gifted because the gifted no less than all our children are sinful saints and, therefore, need direction in being disciples of Christ. "Foolishness is bound in the heart of a child, but the rod of correction shall drive it far from him" (Prov. 22:15). children need the rod of discipline to give guidance and direction in learning the will of God and submitting to that will. In our day an insidious evil under the guise of good education is being promoted. It is said, "Let them be their own man." "Let them be free thinkers doing what they

want." In an undisciplined atmosphere the gifted will learn to be non-traditional, free thinkers, who rise above the past and present capable of leading and making this world a better place in which to live. Oh no, we must not let the gifted be free thinkers. They need disciplined instruction in order that they may set their feet upon the old paths and to

use the ancient landmarks as their guideposts. We must through loving, patient, caring discipline bring them under the yoke of Christ in order that "our sons may be as plants grown up in their youth; that our daughters may be as cornerstones, polished after the similitude of a palace" (Ps. 144: 12).

There is no consistent correlation between a child's intellectual capacity and his lifelong level of achievement. This does not mean that a brilliant mind and good marks in school are liabilities. It simply means that we should have the same level of love and optimism for the low achiever as we have for the high achiever. Every individual is worthwhile and should be highly treasured as a special creation of God. One child should not be more highly valued than another child.

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